[FEBRUARY, MDCCLXXIII.] [NUMB. 376.]

SOUTH-CAROLINA AND COUNTRY GAZETTE; JOURNAL.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, both Foreign and Domeſtic.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1773.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 27.

Yeſterday his Majeſty went to the Houſe of Peers, attended by the Duke of Ancaſter and Lord Bruce, amidſt a great concourſe of people, and opened the ſeſſion of parliament with the following moſt gracious ſpeech:

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

I SHOULD moſt willingly have conſulted your private convenience, by allowing you a longer receſs from buſineſs, if I had not thought that ſome very important parts of the public ſervice required the immediate attention of parliament.

It is impoſſible that I can ever look with indifference upon whatever concerns either the commerce and revenue of the kingdom at large, or the private rights and intereſts of conſiderable numbers among my people: Neither can I be inſenſible how materially every one of theſe great objects muſt be intereſted in the maintenance of the credit and proſperity of the Eaſt-India Company. When, therefore, I received information of the difficulties in which that Company appear to be involved, I determined to give you an early opportunity of informing yourſelves fully of the true ſtate of their affairs; and of making ſuch proviſions, for the common benefit and ſecurity of all the various intereſts concerned, as you ſhall find beſt adapted to the exigencies of the caſe.

I have the ſatisfaction to acquaint you, that there is reaſon to hope, that the war which has ſo long unhappily prevailed in one part of Europe, is now drawing to a concluſion: And although there was no probability of our being involved therein, yet the diſcontinuance of thoſe troubles will afford a fairer proſpect of the duration of peace; which, I truſt, the alterations that have happened in Europe will not, in their conſequences, affect.

I continue to receive, from foreign powers, the ſtrongeſt aſſurances of their pacific diſpoſitions towards this country: And it ſhall be my conſtant endeavour to preſerve the general tranquillity, as far as is conſiſtent with the honour of my Crown, and the intereſts of my people.

Gentlemen of the Houſe of Commons,

It gives me much ſatisfaction, that the continuance of peace has enabled me to proceed in the reduction of the eſtabliſhment of my naval forces; but you will, I am confident, agree with me, that a conſiderable ſtrength at ſea muſt be ever neceſſary for preſerving the reputation and power of my kingdoms.

The proper eſtimates for the enſuing year ſhall be laid before you; and whatever ſupplies you may grant, ſhall, on my part, be managed with the ſtricteſt œconomy, and applied with the utmoſt fidelity.

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

I cannot but feel the moſt real concern, that the produce of the late harveſt has not given us the relief which we had hoped for in reſpect to the dearneſs of corn. As far as human wiſdom can provide for alleviating the diſtreſſes of the poor, I am perſuaded your attention will not be wanting: And you cannot gratify me more, than by calling upon me for my concurrence in whatever may contribute to the true welfare and happineſs of all my people.

We hear that ſhould a free importation of rice take place for ſeven years, the ſtarch manufactury will be one of the moſt advantageous buſineſſes carried on in this kingdom.

We hear ſome of the Carolina and Florida merchants, as an encouragement to the ſtarch-makers to make uſe of rice, are willing to contract with them, ſhould the legiſlature grant a free importation for ſeven years, for 30,000 barrels annually, at 12l. per cwt.

NOVEMBER 28. We hear that a bill will be brought into parliament to make it felony to ſuppreſs, or deſtroy a laſt will and teſtament; for the more effectual prevention of which it is propoſed to enact, that the papers of the deceaſed ſhall not be opened except in the preſence of a Juſtice of Peace, or Parſon of the pariſh, upon an affidavit of notice having been given to the heir at law, and all the next of kin to attend.

Extract of a letter from Warſaw, dated November 11.

"We learn from the Danube, that the negociations for peace began at Bucharеſt the 23d of October, between Mr. D'Obreſkow on the part of Ruſſia, and the Reis Effendi Eliaſi-Abdur-Raſak in behalf of the Porte. They are both furniſhed with full powers to prolong the armiſtice as long as they ſhall think proper; but what is thought very remarkable is, that there is no Miniſter at Bucharеſt from any other foreign power."

Notwithſtanding the preſent perſonal diviſions amongſt the friends of freedom, the public may be aſſured that they are ſtedfaſtly united in the reſolution to ſeek a redreſs of public grievances; and that as ſoon as the lottery is drawn, and the wheels removed from Guildhall, that the Livery can aſſemble therein, a Common-council will be immediately ſummoned, and that ſuch an application will be made to the throne, as it is not doubted will procure the deſired ſucceſs.

A committee of ſelect gentlemen will be particularly deputed by the Livery to accompany the Lord Mayor and Sheriffs to preſent the above remonſtrance to his Majeſty, amongſt whom Mr. Alderman Wilkes, Captain Allen, the reſt of the patriotic Aldermen, and other determined friends of their country, will have the honour to approach the beſt of Sovereigns with the cries of his people.

The Price of Stocks at the POLITICAL EXCHANGE.

Court corruption	cent. per cent. above par.
City-patriotiſm	99 per cent. diſcount.
Proviſions	at an alarming price.
Popular diſcontent	riſing very much.
Credit of the nation	ſinking apace.
Coin of the kingdom	almoſt all counterfeit.
Parliamentary ſeats	at an exceſſive price.
Public taxes	at a par as in war-time.
A Miniſter's public ſpeeches	below contempt.
Arbitrary power	greatly above par.
Engliſh freedom	at no price.
Scotch intereſt	moſt exorbitantly high.
National intereſt	nothing done.

Letters from Edinburgh mention, that Mr. Bankes and his Companions, in the courſe of their voyage, ſaw many ancient inſcriptions on rocks, which are thought, by the beſt antiquarians, to be the original manner of writing, before the uſe of paper of any ſort whatſoever. The characters are Runic, and ſo imperfectly underſtood by the learned themſelves, that their meaning is very doubtful. They alſo ſaw the remains of many temples, which are ſuppoſed to have belonged to the Druids; and ſeveral ſepulchres, reſembling the barrows which are to be ſeen near Stonehenge in Wiltſhire.

The tranſition of the affairs of a great company into the hands of Government is inevitable; and the following are the conditions upon which that important meaſure will take place. That Government will aſſume all the territorial poſſeſſions of the company into their own protection, and ſuffer the commercial trade to remain in their hands.

Politicians predict the deſtruction of Great-Britain from the acquiſition of India. It is remarkable that the moſt powerful Empires upon earth have been ruined by the riches of that quarter. It will not, therefore, be ſurpriſing if Great-Britain ſhould alſo receive her firſt wounds from thence.

Admiral Harland, who had the chief command on the Eaſt-India ſtation, is now on his return from thence, and will be ſucceeded by Sir John Clarke.

Amongſt the various reaſons which are aſſigned for the early aſſembling of parliament, the naturalization of certain great foreigners is not the leaſt conſiderable, whoſe fortunes and connections promiſe to be highly beneficial to this kingdom.

There is no making an eſtimate of the damages done in the Weſt-Indies by the late dreadful hurricanes; and the remittances from every part of America are ſo inadequate to the ſupplies ſent, that very fatal conſequences are hourly expected to happen in the city of London.

A correſpondent expreſſes great concern at the news from the Leeward Iſlands, to find that every thing in the Weſt-Indies is blown down, as in the Eaſt he finds all is blown up, and in the North all the Specie of Scotland is vaniſhed in Air.

A certain Nobleman, we are told, has made diamonds plentiful in this kingdom, by the following mode of proceeding: Having imported an immenſe quantity (on his own private property) whenever it is not quite convenient to diſcharge a debt, or reward a friend, in ſpecie, they are taken into his cloſet and preſented with a rough diamond, of a proportionable value to their demands or expectations.

Orders are iſſued from the War-Office, for all the regiments in Ireland to be immediately raiſed to their full complement.

When the Captains of the Navy, in conſequence of their ſeveral reſolutions for that purpoſe, applied to Lord Sandwich for an increaſe of their half-pay, his Lordſhip received them with all the politeneſs and freedom poſſible; but told them, with reſpect to their petition, that he was ſorry to inform them he was in duty bound to oppoſe it. He obſerved, that increaſing the pay of the Lieutenants had no other effect than making them more indolent, and more unwilling to leave land in order to return to the ſea-ſervice; that he had no doubt but a ſimilar increaſe in the pay of the Captains would be attended with ſimilar effects, by which the Navy would be, at length, ruined! In ſhort, that the beſt ſecurity, for their ſervice at ſea was to keep them on *ſhort commons* on land; and that, in order to do that, he would put every nerve of his power in motion.

However his Lordſhip may approve of the above political reaſoning, we cannot help conſidering it as founded upon falſe and deſtructive principles; for though the ſervice of the preſent Captains may be ſecured at ſea by ſtarving them on land, it is but a bad proſpect for other gentlemen to embark in the ſervice, and no man of ſpirit will ſubmit to it.

A fleet of obſervation is to be got ready very early in the ſpring, of which Admiral Pye and Rear Admiral Lord Howe, it is ſaid, will have the command.

NOVEMBER 30. *His Majeſty has been pleaſed to return the following anſwer to the addreſs of the Houſe of Lords.*

"*My Lords, I thank you for this dutiful and affectionate addreſs. The zeal you expreſs in it for the honour of my crown, and the rights and intereſts of my people, give me the higheſt ſatisfaction.*

"*I firmly rely, that all your deliberations will tend to ſuch meaſures as ſhall be moſt conducive to the great objects you have before you. Among theſe, I am ſure, you will not forget to provide for the diſtreſſes of the poor, as far as it is in the power of human wiſdom to alleviate them.*"

DECEMBER 1. *The following is his Majeſty's anſwer to the addreſs of the Houſe of Commons:*

"*Gentlemen, I return you my hearty thanks, for this very dutiful addreſs.*

"*The aſſurances you give me, of your reſolution to enter into the immediate conſideration of the important affairs which I have recommended to you, afford me great ſatisfaction; and I have the fulleſt confidence, that you will endeavour, as far as lies in your power, to alleviate the diſtreſſes of my people, who are the conſtant objects of my care and affection.*"

The thirteen following gentlemen are choſen by ballot a Committee of Secrecy, to enquire into the ſtate of the Eaſt India Company:

Alderman Harley, Chairman.

Lord Frederick Campbell, Lord Palmerſton, Mr. Charles Jenkinſon, Mr. Gilbert, Mr. Stanley, Mr. Jackſon, Mr. Rigby, Mr. Burrell, Mr. Ryder, Mr. Walpole, Mr. Fitzpatrick, Mr. Ramet.

The above Committee ſat yeſterday afternoon, and examined ſeveral papers laid before them from the Eaſt India Company, and then adjourned till this morning, when they will ſit at the Eaſt India Houſe.

It was ſome time ago mentioned in this paper, that Mr. Charles Fox was negociating to come into office. The following arrangement is now reported to be ſettled.

Charles Fox, Eſq; a Lord of the Treaſury, in the room of Charles Jenkinſon, Eſq; to be made one of the Vice Treaſurers of Ireland, in the room of Lord Edgecumbe, who is to ſucceed the late Lord Litchfield, as Captain of the Band of Penſioners. Though this arrangement is ſaid to be fixed, yet it cannot take place till Chriſtmas; becauſe Mr. Jenkinſon, being one of the Secret Committee on India affairs, cannot vacate his ſeat till the adjournment. By which time it ſeems but too probable he will come in for more good things; for the Honourable Mr. Horace Walpole is ſaid to be dangerouſly ill; and Lord Bute gave him the reverſion of that gentleman's places.

Sir John Clarke, whom the pious and virtuous Lord Sandwich made Commander in Chief in the Eaſt Indies, is ſaid to be recalled, to anſwer for his conduct to Lord Maſſareene at Paris. This ſtory is well known, and probably will be laid before the public in a little time, to convince the world, if any thing can be wanting to convince it, what a ſet of VILLAINS *George the Third thinks proper to keep in his ſervice.*

Extract of a letter from Berlin, November 15.

"*The King of Pruſſia is now taking every precaution in his power, to hinder the poor from feeling the diſtreſſes which threaten them from the ſeverity of the winter, which has already ſet in with a very dreadful appearance. The prices of all kinds of proviſions are much dearer here than in your capital; and that moſt neceſſary article, firing, is almoſt beyond the power of the poorer ſort to get at. To remedy this, the King has allowed a bounty on all ſorts of wood, and turf, brought into Berlin during the winter, which bounty is to encreaſe with the quantities of each brought. Bounties are likewiſe allowed on potatoes, turnips, corn, cattle, poultry, &c. In ſhort, it is to be hoped, that by theſe wiſe proviſions the winter will paſs away equally comfortable to the poor as to the rich.*"

DECEMBER 2. *The Juſte, a French homeward bound Eaſt Indiaman is loſt, ſuppoſed to be on the coaſt of Angola; the crew and a ſmall part of the effects were taken up and carried into Liſbon. She is valued at 250,000l.*

Sunday ſe'nnight the rock known by the name of the Needle, or Lot's Wife, upwards of 120 feet above high water mark, which ſtood at the Weſt end of the Iſle of Wight, was by a continued waſhing of the ſea thrown down. This rock was a great loſs to mariners, as it was a direction for them to ſteer by.

DECEMBER 3. *Yeſterday John Paterſon, Eſq; was, by a very great majority, elected at Guildhall, Clerk to the Commiſſioners of the Land tax for the city of London, in the room of the late Mr. Deputy Ellis. The Lord Mayor was in the chair; there were preſent moſt of the Aldermen, and Commiſſioners. Sir Robert Ladbroke preſented Mr. Paterſon's petition, and after he was elected, moved that he ſhould alſo be elected Clerk to the window lights, to which he was choſen unanimouſly. The other candidates were Sir James Hodges, and Mr. Till; Mr. Thomas Smith having declined before the other gentlemens names were put.*

A court of Common Council is ordered to be ſummoned to meet next Wedneſday, to receive the reports of the ſeveral Committees.

A veſſel from Liſbon brings advice, that four Dutch men of war were driven out of the Tagus in a ſtorm the 3d ult. and that only one has been ſince heard of.

DECEMBER 4. *This day his Majeſty went to the Houſe of Peers, and gave the Royal aſſent to the following bills, which paſſed the Houſe of Lords yeſterday, viz.*

The bill for allowing the free importation of wheat, Indian corn, &c. for a limited time.

The bill for allowing the free importation of wheat, barley, &c. from Africa, or any parts of Europe, for a limited time.

DECEMBER 5. *Yeſterday Charles Jenkinſon, Eſq; kiſſed his Majeſty's hand at St. James's, on being appointed one of the joint Vice Treaſurers of the kingdom of Ireland.*

And the Hon. Charles James Fox, Eſq; on his being appointed one of the Lords Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, in the room of Charles Jenkinſon, Eſq.

DECEMBER 7. *A letter from Mecklenburgh ſays, that a remedy has been diſcovered there for the diſtemper incident to the horned cattle. It is no more than feeding the diſeaſed beaſts with crab-apples; the ſame fruit put into the water given the cattle to drink, has been found to prevent the diſtemper.*

Extract of a letter from the Hague, December 2.

"*We learn from Hamburgh that the French Court has lately remitted large ſums of money to Stockholm, being determined to ſupport the Swedes to the utmoſt in caſe they ſhould be attacked by the Danes, as there is reaſon to apprehend.*

"*Prince Gallitzin, the Ruſſian Miniſter at the Hague, ſtrenuouſly contradicts the report of the negociations for peace being broke off between the Ruſſian and Turkiſh commiſſaries.*"

DECEMBER 8. *Lord North's conduct every hour ſhews, he is only the oſtenſible puppet of the ſecret mover of the wires. Lord Mansfield, the delegate of Lord Bute, is the Miniſter in all the buſineſs relating to the Eaſt India Company. The daring violation begun yeſterday in the Houſe of Commons, is quite congenial with that Lord's idea of government. Nothing can be more true, than that the King means to get all the power into his own hands; and Lord Mansfield means to give it him. The darling, inceſſant, and only wiſh is, to extend the* KING'S PREROGATIVE---*to every thing. This is the true ſecret of ſuſpending the Superviſing Commiſſion.--- The form of an act of parliament is a mere* ceremony, *like a writ of congé d'elire. The matter is previouſly ſettled and fixed.*

Yeſterday Serjeant Glynn ſat for the firſt time as Recorder of London. His charge to the Grand Jury was exceedingly pathetic, elegant, and inſtructive, accompanied with copious elogiums on the bleſſings this country enjoys above all others, in having the freedom of trial by a Jury of their Peers.

We hear from Cambridge, that Dr. Kennicot has had advice from his correſpondent Mr. Burns, at Rome, (who is collecting MSS. for him there) that he has found an old Latin Bible in the Vatican, in which was wrote part of the loſt 91ſt book of Livy. Mr. Burns has tranſcribed it, and finds it contains an account of the Sertorian war in Spain; people and places are mentioned in it, which have not been taken notice of by any other authors. This MS. is thought to have been wrote in the 2d century.

DECEMBER 9. *Yeſterday a petition was preſented to the Houſe of Commons by the corporation of the city of Gloucеſter, ſetting forth the high price of all ſorts of proviſions, and praying that an immediate ſtop be put to the exportation and monopolizing of cheeſe.*

The merchants, we hear, intend to make application to obtain a bounty on the importation of corn from North America.

A ſtop is expected to be put to the exportation of corn from North America to France, Spain, Portugal, or the Mediterranean markets, excepting to Gibraltar and Minorca.

A ſtop is alſo intended to be put to the foreign importation of any kind of proviſions from Ireland, excepting to the Britiſh colonies in America and the Weſt Indies.

A great Perſonage, it is ſaid, will in a few days make application to parliament for an annual additional ſettlement of two hundred thouſand pounds.

On Sunday laſt a meſſenger from his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Gloucеſter, made a formal declaration at Court of the pregnancy of her Royal Highneſs the Ducheſs of Gloucеſter.

It is reported that ſeveral patriotic motions are intended to be made in both Houſes after the holidays; tho' ſome of them are only deſigned to keep alive ſome queſtions of liberty againſt the next election.

Letters from Liſbon adviſe, that the Portugueſe court have lately broke with the Spaniards concerning the miſconduct of the Spaniſh Governors in South America, and ill treatment of the Portugueſe ſubjects; but that it was forbid being publicly talked of by the court.

Extract of a letter from Paris, dated November 30.

"*As we have not yet received the laſt letters due from Britanny, it is the general opinion they are ſtopped. It is reported that the third eſtate is extremely diſſatisfied with the Preſident lately choſen, and is united in its deliberations with the order of the Nobility: That of the Clergy is of another opinion; and it is ſaid that the*

Court is ſo much offended with the two firſt mentioned orders, in not acquieſcing with what was ſignified to them by the Duke of Fitz-James, that it is thought the ſtates of that province will be ſuppreſſed.

The States General have lately preſented a memorial to our court concerning the treaty now negociating between our court, the Ruſſians, and the Republic of Venice, which has greatly retarded the concluſion thereof.

[For more LONDON NEWS, &c. ſee the laſt Page.]

WARSAW, *November* 24. Baron de Stackelberg, the Ruſſian Miniſter here, hath received ſome diſpatches, dated the 11th inſtant, from Monſ. Obreſkow, Miniſter Plenipotentiary of the Empreſs of Ruſſia at the congreſs of Buchareſt, which adviſe, that the negociations of peace have already been reſumed; and that on the 9th of this month, it was agreed with the Turkiſh Plenipotentiaries, to prolong the armiſtice till the 20th of March next, except in Georgia and Mingrelia, where, on account of the diſtance of thoſe provinces, the ſuſpenſion of arms is to continue a month longer. According to all appearances, the peace will be happily concluded before that time, on a ſolid and permanent foundation.

VIENNA, *November* 21. Sir Robert Murray Keith arrived here on Friday laſt, to ſucceed Lord Viſcount Stormont as Envoy Extraordinary from his Britannic Majeſty.

HAMBURGH, *December* 1. Our laſt advices from Dantzick give us hopes, that the King of Pruſſia will conſent to let things remain on their ancient footing, on receiving a ſum of money annually.

December 4. It having been propagated in foreign countries that an inſurrection happened in Norway, the Court of Copenhagen has publiſhed a declaration, ſetting forth the falſity of ſuch reports; and at the ſame time doing juſtice to that nation whoſe zeal and attachment to the preſent Royal Family is inviolable.

CHARLES-TOWN, FEBRUARY 9.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleaſed to appoint Mr. William Rugeley, to be Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas for George-Town Diſtrict, in the Room of the late Roger Peter-Handaſyde Hatley, Eſq.

The Annual Races began at New-Market laſt Tueſday, and the Plate was won by Mr. Thomas Sumpter's Mare.

Thurſday laſt his Majeſty's Packet Boat Eagle, Capt. William Nicholls, arrived here in 41 Days from Falmouth, in whom came his Excellency Sir James Wright, Bart. Governor of Georgia, and his two Daughters.

About Two o'Clock laſt Sunday Morning, a Fire was diſcovered to have broke out in a Baker's back Building in King-Street, which ſoon entirely conſumed the ſame, as alſo the Roof and great Part of an adjoining front Dwelling-Houſe; but through the Alertneſs of the Inhabitants, the Flames were happily prevented from ſpreading any farther.

This Day begins the General Election of new Members of the Honourable the Commons Houſe of Aſſembly of this Province.

DIED.] Mr. Hugh Wilſon, of John's Iſland.---Captain John Thompſon, of the Snow Swift, of Poole.

Price of RICE, 60s. per 100lb.

Feb.	CUSTOM-HOUSE, ENTRIES INWARD.	*From*
2d.	Schooner Liberty, Richard Churchill,	Georgia
	Ship Morris, Thomas Bell,	Liſbon
3d.	Ship Liberty, John Laſley,	Falmouth
	Sloop Sukey & Nancy, Thomas Newbold,	Jamaica
	Sloop Ark, Benjamin Young,	Barbados
	Brig King-George, John Finglaſs,	St. Kitts
	Brig Lowther, Matthew Williamſon,	Dublin
	Snow Swift, John Thompſon,	Poole
4th.	Snow John, Hugh Cuthbert,	Dominica
	Sloop Black-Nell, John Cannon,	Virginia
5th.	Brig Mary, William Leaycraft,	St. Kitts
	Sloop Diſpatch, Ephraim Gilbert,	Cape-Nichola-Mole
	Snow Melham, James Whitfield,	Whitehaven
	Ship Montagu, William Pickles,	London
6th.	Schooner Sukey & Betſey, John Doran,	St. Auguſtine
	Schooner Amelia, Patrick Barry,	St. Kitts
	Brig Union, Joſeph Lee,	Salem
	Ship Yeomans, John Harbiſon,	Antigua
	Schooner Experiment, John Darrell,	Bermuda
Feb.	ENTRIES OUTWARD.	*For*
2d.	Brig Charles-Town Packet, Samuel Wright,	Philadelphia
	Sloop Nancy, John Earl,	Rhode-Iſland
	Ship Morris, Thomas Bell,	Cowes
	Brig Nancy, William Jackſon,	Liverpool
4th.	Snow John, Hugh Cuthbert,	Dominica
5th.	Schooner Liberty, Richard Churchill,	Georgia
	Sloop Charles-Town, Daniel Munro,	Rhode-Iſland
6th.	Sloop Rachael, Joſeph Seymour,	St. Kitts
	Ship Fair-American, John Minſhall,	Cowes
	Brig Lowther, Matthew Williamſon,	Whitehaven
	Schooner Ichabod, Benjamin Newton,	Cape-Nichola-Mole
	Ship St. George, John Muir,	Oporto
Feb.	CLEARED FOR DEPARTURE.	*For*
2d.	Ship Baltic-Merchant, John Hall,	Cowes
	Ship Hopewell, John Martin,	Ditto
	Ship Charming-Sally, George Fortune,	Briſtol
3d.	Ship Harriot, Thomas Randall,	Cowes
	Schooner Betſey, Samuel Stone,	Georgia
	Ship Saliy, John Oſman,	Cowes
4th.	Brig Expedition, John Dunſcomb,	Falmouth
	Sloop Experiment, John Sawyer,	Granada
5th.	Ship George, Alexander Alexander,	Cowes
	Ship Carolina, John Beſnard	London
8th.	Sloop Nancy, John Earl,	Rhode-Iſland
	Schooner Liberty, Richard Churchill,	Georgia

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Charles-Town, February 1, 1773.

THE COMMISSIONERS of the *Provincial* FREE SCHOOL, having this Day viſited the ſame, were pleaſed to expreſs their entire Satisfaction with the Progreſs of the Scholars, and their Approbation of the Maſter's Conduct: They were at the ſame Time pleaſed to appoint Mr. *William Irvine*, (whoſe Care and Diligence in Teaching Children in *Charles-Town*, hath been already experienced) to be *Writing Maſter*, and *Uſher* to the ſaid SCHOOL, in the Room of Mr. *Samuel Campbell*, and ordered *Public Notice* to be given thereof, for the Encouragement of ſuch Perſons as may be inclined to put Children to the *Provincial* FREE SCHOOL, for their Education.

By Order of the Board,

JAMES JOHNSTON, *Clerk.*

ATKINS & WESTON,

Have juſt imported from LONDON,

A *PARCEL* of very beſt

FAMILY MEDICINES,

And from POOLE,

A *QUANTITY* of beſt

SEINE TWINE.

MADERA WINES.

On Wedneſday the 17th Inſtant, will be diſpoſed of at public Sale, a large and choice Parcel of

London and *York* MADERA WINES,

Near Two Years old.

THEY are of an exceeding good Quality, much approved, and ſuperior to the generality of Wines imported for Sale. They will be ſold in a Store of Mrs. *Bartſford's* on the Bay, and the Sale will begin preciſely at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon.

ROGER SMITH.

☞ A Second-Hand *RIDING CHAIR*, to be ſold very cheap, alſo a Cheſt of Carpenters Tools, compleat.

To be SOLD by private Contract,

A Tract of Land, containing 950 Acres, ſituated in Granville County, on the Eaſt Side of Baltketcher River, adjoining Lands now or formerly John Jackſon's: The greateſt Part of this Tract is eſteemed very fine Swamp.

Alſo, A Tract containing 1500 Acres, in Berkley County, ſituated on the Branches of Ediſto River, and is good Land for Corn and Indico. The above Lands belong to the Eſtate of John Mackenzie, Eſq; deceaſed.

JOHN PARKER,
WILLIAM STOUTENBURGH, } Executors.
ROGER SMITH,

☞ Who *ONCE MORE* deſire all Perſons indebted to ſaid Eſtate, immediately to diſcharge their reſpective Debts.

To be ſold at public Vendue, on Thurſday the 11th Inſtant, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, at Store No. 12, on Colonel Beale's Wharf,

FOUR PIPES of London particular Madera WINE, and two Sets of beautiful PICTURES.

Turk's Iſland SALT,

To be ſold on board the Schooner Experiment, John Darrell, *Maſter, now lying at* Eveleigh's *Wharf.*

Said SCHOONER is for SALE, or to be let on Freight to any of the Weſt-India Iſlands.—She is a neat double Deck Veſſel, Bermuda built, not four Years old, and carries about 280 Barrels of Rice. Apply to ſaid Maſter, or. SMITH & DARRELL.

JUST IMPORTED,

A few Pipes of Vidonia WINE, empty Bottles, Crates of yellow Ware, ditto Butter Pots, &c. Taunton Ale, Briſtol Beer, and Cyder in Bottles, ſhort Pipes, Loaf Sugar, and Pepper, in Bales, to be ſold by JOHN NEUFVILLE.

TO BE SOLD,

A good SCHOONER,

BURTHEN ninety Barrels of Rice, with two new Cables and Grapnals, Canoe built, draws but four and an half Feet Water, when loaded; will carry ten thouſand Bricks, or twelve Cords of Wood.—*And alſo*,

Three very ſtout, young, healthy Negro MEN, fit for a Coaſting Schooner, being uſed to going in Veſſels for theſe three Years paſt. Apply to

JOHN CHAMPNEYS.

N. B. A Parcel of Ath Oars, Pitch, Tar, and Turpentine, to be ſold by Retail; and a large Flat, to be hired out by the Day.

THOMAS COCHRAN,

Has for Sale, at his Store, on Colonel Beale's Wharf, nearly oppoſite to Elliott ſtreet,

JAMAICA, Weſt India, and Northward RUM, Geneva, Cordials, Loaf and brown Sugar, Ship and Water Bread, Flour in Kegs, Burlington Hams, Cheeſe, Chocolate, Coffee, Muſtard, beſt Raiſins, Beer in Whole and Half Barrels, Cyder, and Cyder Royal, Soap, Mould Tallow and dipt Candles, beſt Bohea Tea, at 25s. per lb. &c. &c. Good Allowance will be made to thoſe who buy a Quantity.

For POOLE, and all the Markets, SPAIN, or PORTUGAL,

The Snow SWIFT,

SAMUEL GLOVER, Maſter.

BURTHEN 700 Barrels of Rice. For Freight, agree with ſaid Maſter, or MILES BREWTON.

TO BE SOLD,

A PEW in the North Iſle of *St. Philip's* Church. For Particulars, enquire of

JACOB VALK.

For LONDON, COWES, and a Market, or PORTUGAL,

The SNOW

MELHAM,

JAMES WHITFIELD, Maſter.

BURTHEN about 700 Barrels of Rice. For Freight, apply to WILLIAM & JAMES CARSAN.

FOR SALE,

A Very valuable Cypreſs CANOE, one whole Tree, between 50 and 30 Feet long, and about 4 Feet 6 Inches wide in the Clear.—Apply in *Charles-Town*, to *Mr. John Wiſe*, or to FRANCIS YONGE.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Printer hereof, for News-Papers, Advertiſements, &c. are requeſted to make immediate Payment, as he is in REAL Want of his Money.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And to be ſold by C. CROUCH, at his Printing-Office in Elliott-ſtreet, at Mr. N. LANGFORD's Book-Store on the Bay, and at Mr. J. TAYLOR's Stationer Shop in Church-ſtreet,

Poor TOM revived:

Being *MORE's*

ALMANACK,

FOR THE

Year of CHRISTIAN Account,

1 7 7 3.

AND,

From the CREATION by Scripture, 5782.
By the EASTERN and GREEK CHRISTIANS, 7281.
And by the JEWS, the HEBREWS and the RABBIES, 5533.
Since the Landing of JULIUS CÆSAR in ENGLAND, 1827.

Calculated for the Lat. of 32 *Deg. and* 45 *Min. North, but without any ſenſible Error, may ſerve from* Maryland *to* Eaſt-Florida.

WHEREIN ARE CONTAINED,

The LUNATIONS, CONJUNCTIONS, and ECLIPSES; the SUN and MOON's Riſing and Setting; the Riſing, Setting, and Southing of the HEAVENLY BODIES; Mutual ASPECTS; Length of DAYS and NIGHTS; Judgment of the WEATHER; FESTIVALS, and other remarkable DAYS; LISTS of PUBLIC OFFICERS, and JUSTICES; Excellent Notes of HUSBANDRY and GARDENING, for each Month in the Year; Deſcription of the ROADS throughout the CONTINENT, *&c. &c. &c.*

By THOMAS MORE, PHILOM.

*** Good Allowance will be made to thoſe who buy to ſell again.

Mr. BATES,

Who has finiſhed a Tour of *Europe*, is arrived in *Charles-Town*, and intends to perform different FEATS in

HORSEMANSHIP,

On ONE, TWO, and THREE

HORSES,

At the UPPER END of *MEETING-STREET*,

On SATURDAY

The THIRTEENTH of *FEBRUARY*, Inſtant.

The Doors will be opened at TEN o'Clock, and he mounts preciſely at ELEVEN.

The Seats are made proper for Ladies and Gentlemen.

He will take it as a particular Favour, if Gentlemen will not ſuffer any Dogs to come with them.

TICKETS to be had at the BARS of the COFFEE-HOUSE, and HOLLIDAY's TAVERN, and the Place of Performance, at ONE DOLLAR each. No Money to be taken at the Doors, nor Admittance without a Ticket.

☞ He rides but twice more, and his two HORSES will then be ſold.

On Tueſday the 16th day of February next, will peremptorily be ſold to the higheſt bidder,

ALL that valuable and pleaſantly ſituated Lot of Land, adjoining *Jackſonſbourgh*, containing ſix acres, belonging to the eſtate of Mr. *James Fabian*, deceaſed.—There is now on the premiſes, a ſnug little dwelling-houſe, and other needful buildings.—The terms will be made known on the day of ſale.

JOSEPH FABIAN, Executor.

THE Creditors of the Eſtate of *John Miles*, deceaſed, are deſired to ſend in atteſted Accounts; and thoſe indebted, to make Payment, to

6w. *JACOB VALK, Adminiſtrator.*

AN *OVERSEER* of an unexceptionable Character, is wanted for an Indico Plantation. Apply to *Miles Brewton*, Eſq; or *PIERCE BUTLER.*

CHARLES CROUCH,

Has received in the laſt Veſſels from LONDON,

A CONSIGNMENT

Of the ſeveral *ARTICLES* undermentioned, which may be had at his Printing-Office in Elliott-Street, on the moſt reaſonable Terms, viz.

A FRESH PARCEL of Dr. KEYSER's

GENUINE PILLS,

With FULL DIRECTIONS for their Uſe in all CASES. Where may be ſeen, A NARRATIVE of the Effects of Dr. KEYSER's MEDICINE, with an Account of its ANALYSIS, by the Members of the Royal Academy of Science.

Dr. HILL's genuine TINCTURE of VALERIAN. This pleaſant Cordial and enlivening Medicine, is good againſt all Nervous Diſorders, Fits, Head-Achs, Weakneſs, Heavineſs, and Lowneſs of Spirits, Dimneſs of the Sight, Vapours and Melancholy, all Kinds of Convulſions, and Hyſteric Complaints, Epilepſies, as alſo againſt the Sickneſs of the Stomach, and Flatulencies, Obſtructions, and the Convulſive Aſthma, &c. The proper Uſe in all the above Caſes, may be ſeen in the Directions given with each Bottle.

ESSENCE of BALM of GILEAD, a grand Reſtorative of decayed Nature, good in all Seminal Weaknеſſes, Hypochondriacal and Nervous Diſorders, with the Variety of Symptoms which indicate a weak and infirm Conſtitution.

Its cordial and balmy Quality, renders it alſo an agreeable palatable Liquor, and prodigiouſly refreſhing in the ſultry Heat of Summer; preventing thoſe Sinkings which over-power the Spirits in hot Weather. The proper Uſe of this noble Medicine may be ſeen in the Directions.

Dr. BOERHAAVE's GRAND BALSAM of HEALTH. An admirable Remedy for the Dry Belly-Ach, Cholic, Griping in the Bowels, Pain in the Stomach; it cleanſes the Stomach, and procures an Appetite.

WAKEFIELD,

HAS IMPORTED,

In the laſt Veſſels from LONDON *and* BRISTOL,

A LARGE CARGO OF

New-faſhioned GOODS,

VIZ.

LINEN DRAPERY,

IRISH Shirting and Sheeting Linens, of all Prices and Widths; printed Linens, Cottons, Calicoes, and Chintzes; Huckaback, Diaper, Damaſk, with Suits of Diaper and Damaſks, very elegant.

A large Aſſortment of cheap Muſlins, with Tambour and Minionet Suits, of all Prices.

A large Value of well choſen *Yorkſhire* Cloths, Shalloons, Tammies, Durants, Caſſimirs, Whimeys, *Bath* Coating, Calimancoes, Serge de *Nimes*, and Diaper Cover-Lids.

MANCHESTER GOODS,

Checks, ſtripes, Loom Quilting; blue, white, crimſon, and black Velvercts; ſuperfine ſtamped Velvets, Jeans, Dimities, 12 4th Cotton Counterpanes, and Toilet Cloths.

A large Value of HABERDASHERY,

With black, blond, and Thread Laces and Edgings, of every Width; *Bruſſels* Lace; Scarlet Cloaks, Modes, Sarſenet, Peelongs, Satins, Gauzes, Catgut; Perſian and Satin Coats; Cravats; Ladies Linen Gloves; Ermine; Satin Cardinals, with very elegant Hats and Cloaks, neatly finiſhed.

A Variety of faſhionable HATS,

Of the beſt Beaver, and Hunting Hats, *Newmarket* Faſhion; Children's Hats, plain and trimmed, with Ladies Riding Hats, more elegant than his laſt Importation, and very cheap.

A CONSIGNMENT of SILKS,

With Bombazine, Paduoy, and Silk Waiſtcoats, Tambour trimmed, cheaper than any in this Province.

Amongſt his large Aſſortment,

ARE,

HANDSOME Toilet Glaſſes, japanned, with oval Frames; Tea-Cheſts, dreſſing and ſwinging Glaſſes; Shoes of every Kind; with Carpeting, Tin-Ware, Stationary, Pewtery, Turnery, Pipes, Violins, Cages, Ribbons, Hoſiery, Perfumery, &c. &c.

IRONMONGERY of every Kind,

With a large Aſſortment of Cutlery, and almoſt every Article in the Saddlery Branch, Saddles, Boxes of Glaſs, red and white Lead, ſhort Pipes, Crates of Earthen and Queen's Ware, ſplit Peaſe, and Vinegar in Jugs; Beads, Iron Pots, Jugs of all Sizes, Steel; Loaf Sugar, ſingle and double refined; Oſnabrugs, and white Plains, with ſundry other Articles, imported to ſell by WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

*** A Correſpondence being eſtabliſhed with the capital Houſes of the inland Manufactories, and purchaſed from thence upon the CHEAPEST TERMS, his Friends may be aſſured of always receiving their Goods of a good Quality, and CHEAP—being enabled to afford them on as LOW TERMS as any Store in CAROLINA.

The SUBSCRIBER,

The better to accommodate purchaſers, will ſell his LANDS lately advertiſed, in two parts, at vendue, on Thurſday the 18th inſtant,

THE firſt, near 400 acres on a neck, Penny's Creek, (a branch of Ponpon river) eaſt and ſouth-eaſt; a plantation lately bought by Thomas Bee, Eſq; of Mr. Maybank weſtward, and my other lands northward. It will admit of every advantage for a compleat plantation of itſelf; 100 acres tide ſwamp banked in, planted laſt year; 50 acres corn land, great part of both under ditch and fence, the remainder well covered with uſeful timber, very convenient; 100 acres or more of which is prime corn and indico land, the remainder (part of which hath been formerly planted) is ſuch as will produce good rice in a ſeaſonable year, as by raiſing ſmall dams, great part may be laid under water: Hardly any ſpot of land, of the ſame quantity in the province, will make a more convenient and advantageous plantation for 40 or 50 hands, and may be planted to advantage with 25 or 30 the enſuing ſeaſon. The payment will be made very eaſy, as but a ſmall part of the purchaſe money will be ſoon wanted, giving approved ſecurity for the payment of the remainder.

The other part, whereon I live, about 600 acres, is extremely well known; near 200 acres (part of which is tide land) is in order for planting the enſuing ſeaſon, and well improved; and upwards of 100 acres good corn land, beſides an extra paſture under ditch, and near 200 acres uncleared, covered with uſeful timber, all good for corn, rice, or indico. Farther particulars of both, if deſired, may be known of JAMES DONNOM, who is now in Charles-Town, and has a particular plat of them.

JOSEPH BEE.

N. B. I propoſe alſo, to ſell my RIVER SWAMP TRACT, two miles below Ponpon bridge, containing upwards of 400 acres, the greateſt part ſwamp and tide-land.

TO BE SOLD,

A Very fine Canoe, 30 Feet long, 5 Feet 10 Inches wide, rows with ſix Oars, has an Awning, two Maſts, and Sails. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe, may view her at Mr. Atmore's, Ship-Carpenter, near the Flood-Gate, and for Terms, apply to the Printer.

To be SOLD for the COST,

An extraordinary neat *Italian* RIDING CHAIR,

(imported by Captain Maitland, *and juſt opened)*

Made by one of the beſt Workmen in *London*, for a Gentleman's Uſe in this Province, who has now no Occaſion for it. Enquire of MATTHIAS HUTCHINSON, in *Queen-ſtreet.*

TO BE SOLD,

A *Muſtee WENCH, who is an excellent Cook, and can make all Kind of Paſtery. Enquire of the Printer.*

To be SOLD at public Outcry,

At the vendue houſe on Rowand's wharf, in Charles-Town, on Tueſday the 9th day of March next, exactly at twelve o'clock at noon, purſuant to the laſt will of

Dr. THOMAS CAW, deceaſed,

HIS valuable PLANTATION on *Santee* river, adjoining lands of Colonel *Harry*, Mr. *Pringle*, and Mr. *Dutarque*, containing one thouſand and ſeventy acres, part of which is an iſland of ſeven hundred and thirty acres of fine rice land, that does not require any fencing, and of it, there is about one hundred and fifty acres cleared, and may be planted immediately, the reſt of the tract is good high land, and the whole ſo well known, as not to need any further deſcription. On the above tract, there is a good dwelling-houſe, a very large barn, large ſtores for rice, good ſtables, an exceeding good rice machine, a gritts mill, with every other neceſſary buildings.

Alſo, Another tract of cypreſs land, on the north ſide of *Santee* river, on *Wadboo* iſland, adjoining lands of Mr. *Mazyck*, Mr. *Harry*, Mr. *Izard*, Mr. *Dutarque*, and Mr. *Croſt*, containing four hundred and fifty acres; the above tract is valuable on account of the cypreſs, and being cloſe to the river.

Likewiſe, Another tract of land, on *Stephens*'s creek, a branch of *Savannah* river, adjoining lands of *John Murray*, Eſq; containing one thouſand acres, and is eſteemed as good as any land in thoſe parts.

At the ſame time will be ſold,

A Fine Schooner and Yawl, only three months off the ſtocks, carries one hundred and ſixty barrels of rice, of an eaſy draught of water, and is as compleatly found as any coaſter in the province.

And on Wedneſday the 10th day of March next, will be ſold at Mr. Strickland's, *(late* Levy's*) near Charles-Town, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon,*

ABOUT One Hundred and Forty prime SLAVES, moſtly this country born, among whom are good boatmen, coopers, carpenters, ſawyers, carters, drivers, cooks, waſhers, and handy boys and girls.

And on Thurſday the 18th day of March next, will be ſold at the above plantation on Santee,

SOME houſhold furniture, cattle, horſes, hogs, plantation tools, proviſions, &c.

Alſo, A Pew in the New-Church of *St. James, Santee*, known by the number nine.

The conditions of the above ſales, are credit to January 1, 1774, with intereſt and approved ſecurity, for all ſums above Two Hundred Pounds, and all below that ſum to be caſh. The property not to be altered, until the conditions ſhall be complied with

ROBERT PHILP,
JOHN DEAS, } Executors.

To be SOLD at public VENDUE,

On Wedneſday the 24th of February inſtant, at the houſe of the late Conrad Kyſell *in King-ſtreet,*

All the perſonal Eſtate of the ſaid deceaſed,

CONSISTING of ſundry houſhold goods, negroes, horſes, and other effects.——The conditions will be made known on the day of ſale.

Likewiſe, ALL perſons indebted to the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to make payment immediately, and thoſe having demands againſt the ſame, to bring in their accounts, properly atteſted, to

ESTHER KYSELL, Executrix.

WHO again requeſts all perſons having demands againſt the eſtate of the late *Henry Fulker*, deceaſed, who hitherto omitted to deliver in their accounts, to do the ſame by the above day, and thoſe indebted thereto, to make payment.—All debts due to the ſaid eſtate, then remaining unſettled, will be ſued for without any farther notice, by ſaid

ESTHER KYSELL,
Executrix of ſaid *Henry Fulker*, deceaſed.

To be Let, and entered on immediately,

A Two ſtory HOUSE, in Union-ſtreet, near the bay.

And on the firſt day of April next,

A three ſtory HOUSE, lately poſſeſſed by Mr. Thomas Adam, Merchant, in Broad ſtreet.

And on the 20th day of the ſame month,

A two ſtory HOUSE, in the occupation of Mr. Joſhua Lockwood, in Broad ſtreet.

And on the 23d day of the ſame month,

A three ſtory Houſe, in the occupation of Mr. Alexander Mazyck, in Queen-ſtreet.

And on the firſt day of May next,

A three ſtory Houſe, in the occupation of Mr. Alexander Moultrie, in Broad-ſtreet.

For farther Particulars, enquire of JOHN-PAUL GRIMKE, at his houſe in Meeting-ſtreet.

TO BE SOLD,

Two *London* made *CHAISES*, with Steel Spring Tops to take off occaſionally.

Alſo, a light Windſor *CHAIR*, with Harneſs compleat.—For Particulars, enquire of *George Hewet, Coach-maker, in Meeting-ſtreet.*

Wanted to be delivered immediately,

THREE or Four Thouſand One and an Half inch ſeaſoned Cypreſs Plank.

Three or Four Thouſand One Inch ditto.

About One Thouſand Feet of Cypreſs Timber of different Sizes.

For which a good Price will be given, and the Money paid, on the Delivery in Charles-Town.

FABRE & SIMONS.

TO BE SOLD, the Owner having no Occaſion for them, being ſoon to depart the Province,

A Very handy Negro Fellow, who has been uſed to Houſe and Plantation Work, and is a good Boatman.—Alſo, a very likely, young Negro Wench, who can work at the Needle, attend Children, and do all Sorts of Houſe Work. For Particulars, apply to the Printer.

WILLIAM BOWER,

CLOCK and WATCH MAKER,

BEGS leave to acquaint the *PUBLIC*, that he has removed his SHOP from *Broad ſtreet*, to the ſtore the ſouth corner of *Tradd ſtreet* and the *Bay*, lately poſſeſſed by Meſſrs. *Mackenzie & Tunno*, and next door to *The Great Stationary and Book Store*, where he continues to carry on the CLOCK and WATCH MAKING BUSINESS in all its branches, and will be much obliged to his friends for a continuance of their cuſtom. They may depend that their work ſhall be as *cheap* and expeditiouſly done, as by any of the branch in the province.

KATHARINE BOWER,

Has juſt imported, and has for SALE, at her STORE the ſouth corner of *Tradd ſtreet* next the *Bay*,

A very neat *ASSORTMENT* of

MILLINARY GOODS,

Conſiſting of the following ARTICLES,

A Neat aſſortment of faſhionable CAPS, ſtomachers, ſhoe-knots, Italian ſprigs, a variety of white and black blond lace, thread lace and edgings, white ſpotted ſatin, black and white laced ditto, crimſon ditto, black peelongs, figured and plain modes, Engliſh perſians, of all colours, a great variety of faſh and other RIBBONS, faſhionable FANS, women and girls white and coloured GLOVES, mens buckſkin and *real* beaver ditto, plain and figured GAUZE, ditto handkerchiefs, womens black ſtuff ſhoes, pound and paper PINS, needles, cap wire, printed linens, ſmall French wax beeds, black and coloured collars, ſewing ſilks, black and white laced ſatin cloaks and bonnets, purple and white ditto; all which ſhe will diſpoſe of on the *loweſt TERMS.*

N. B. At the above-mentioned ſtore, ſhe carries on the MILLINARY BUSINESS in all its branches, and will be much obliged to her FRIENDS for a continuance of their favours.

Walnut Hill Plantation,

At the Cypreſs, about eight miles from a landing.

To be ſold by public outcry, on Tueſday the 16th of March next, at Mr. James Strickland's, *up the Path, and may be entered upon immediately;*

IT contains 640 acres, 113 of which is good ſwamp, and well timbered; through it there is a drain going forward with great expedition, and thought will be ſoon compleated, which will make it more valuable, and ſafe in the greateſt freſhes; the remainder is exceeding good for corn and indico; about 200 acres is under fence; the reſt has never been cleared: It joins lands belonging to *William Sanders*, Eſq; and Meſſrs. *Samuel Hamlin*, and *Arthur Waring*; on the above plantation, is a tolerable good dwelling houſe, corn-houſe, barn, ſtable, and every other neceſſary building: The plat may be ſeen in the hands of Mr. *Samuel Hamlin*, in *Dorcheſter*. The conditions is twelve months credit, paying intereſt from the date, and giving approved ſecurity if required. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe before the day of ſale, may apply at Meſſieurs *Bonneau & Slann's*, to THOMAS WARING, jun.

THOSE who are indebted to Dr. JOHN HARRISON, have hereby Notice, that the Books of Account, and Notes of Hand, due by them, are now lodged in the Hands of *Joſhua Ward*, Eſq; Attorney at Law, with ſtrict Orders that thoſe that remain unpaid to the firſt of *March* next, according to the Subſcriber's former Advertiſement, will be ſued for without further Notice, it being the poſitive Orders from under the Doctor's own Hand.

JACOB VALK.

Charles-Town, February 6, 1773.

TO BE SOLD,

On Tueſday the 16th of February, inſtant,

A CARGO OF

THREE HUNDRED

PRIME HEALTHY

SLAVES,

JUST arrived, after a ſhort Paſſage, in the Ship *Mary*, Captain *Andrew White*, directly from GAMBIA.

SAMUEL CHOLLET.

The Term of Payment will be made entirely agreeable to the Purchaſers.

Drifted or Stolen, about three Weeks ago,

A Pine CANOE, 20 Feet long, 3 feet one Inch over the Main Thwart, and branded under the Stern Seats with a Heart and T. Whoever delivers the ſaid Canoe to Benjamin Simons, on Champneys's Wharf, ſhall have TWO DOLLARS Reward.

RUN-AWAY from the ſubſcriber, of Wadmelaw iſland, about a twelve month ago, a negro Man named HERCULES,

He is about 45 years of age, 5 feet, 7 or 8 inches high, ſpeaks very good Engliſh, and pitted a little with the ſmall-pox. Whoever will take up the ſaid fellow, and deliver him to me, or to the warden of the work houſe, ſhall receive THIRTY POUNDS Reward,

and all reaſonable charges paid, by

February 5, 1773. ROBERT McGILLIVRAY.

TAKEN up drifting by Fort Johnſon, a ſmall Pettiaugre, thirty eight feet long, and ſix feet wide, ſealed within, and long ſtern ſeats, with ſide lockers, and round holes cut in them. The owner may have her, by paying the charges, and applying at the ſaid fort.

Brought to the WORK-HOUSE.

February 8, 1773. A new negro fellow, of the *Angola* country, ſays his name is PETER; he is about 5 feet 8 inches high, has his country marks acroſs his breaſt, and on one ſide of his belly; has on a white negro cloth jacket with blue buttons, with a flannel one under it, and white negro cloth trowſers. Taken up at *Stono*, 21 miles from town.

LONDON, DECEMBER 10.

Yesterday a grant paſſed the Great Seal to Sir Thomas Parker, late Chief Baron of the Court of Exchequer, of an annuity of 2400l. per annum, to commence from the day he reſigned the ſaid office, and payable the laſt day of every term, in like manner as the Judges in Weſtminſter-Hall are paid.

Alſo a patent paſſed the Great Seal, conſtituting and appointing Edward Hay, Eſq; Governor of the Iſland of Barbados, in the room of the late Admiral Ayſcue.

Lord Holland is ſaid to be created Earl of Rocheſter. As his eldeſt ſon Stephen, has no male iſſue, his titles will deſcend to his ſecond ſon, Charles Fox. For this youth, an arrangement is to take place (as mentioned in the papers a few days ago) to bring him into the adminiſtration, in order to ſupport his extravagancies, and diſcharge his gambling debts.

It now begins to be acknowledged by many of the Courtiers, that Lord North is inadequate to the preſent diſtreſſed conditions of the government. He has no reſources; deſtitute of abilities, and all public confidence, his only ſupports are *corruption*, and the *obſtinacy* of the King.

DECEMBER 11. The wall of the embankment before the Temple has been ſo much damaged by the high tides, and with lighters, barges, &c. running againſt it, that the whole muſt be taken down and rebuilt; and it is ordered to be done under the direction of Mr. Mylne, the bridge ſurveyor, and Meſſrs. Goreham and Yeoman, ſurveyors to the Middle and Inner Temple.

On Wedneſday the Commiſſioners and Creditors of Meſſrs. Neale, James, Fordyce, and Down, aſſembled in Guildhall, for the purpoſe of chuſing new aſſignees. After the Lord Chancellor's order was read, by which Meſſrs. Cuſt, Ward, and Matthews were ſet aſide, Mr. Fiſher roſe up, and moved, that theſe ſame gentlemen ſhould be rechoſen to the truſt, which was unanimouſly carried in the affirmative. After which the following queſtion came on, "Whether, or not, the Creditors have a right to inſpect into books in the hands of the aſſignees?" which was alſo decided in the affirmative.

DECEMBER 12. We hear that a petition is preparing to be preſented to Parliament by a number of land officers, praying an addition to their half pay.

It appears there are ſome perſons in Sweden of a brave, free, and heroic ſpirit, who cannot patiently put up with the loſs of their liberties; for by private letters from Stockholm, it is ſaid, "That his Swediſh Majeſty had been ſet upon, and ſhot at twice, but eſcaped unhurt." Such an attack, from a people ſo greatly injured, can neither be unexpected nor blamed; for limited Kings who turn tyrants, and deprive their people of their rights and liberties, are the worſt of all robbers; and it is no more than common juſtice, that they ſhould fall by the hands of thoſe they have ſo wickedly and perjuriouſly robbed.

DECEMBER 14. Laſt Saturday's Gazette contains a proclamation, by which the parliament of Ireland was prorogued from the 8th inſtant to the 26th of January next.

On Saturday night Lord Viſcount Townſhend arrived at his houſe in Portman-ſquare from Ireland: His Lordſhip was greatly retarded on the road by the waters being out.

There have been ſome troubles at Leopol in Poland, where a perſon (of great popularity, it ſeems) having ſlain with his own hand an Auſtrian Commiſſary who was numbering the houſes of that city, he was ſoon taken and condemned to be broken on the wheel, and the ſentence was carried into execution in a few days after.

On Friday John Wilkes, Eſq; was elected a member of the Royal Cumbrians by a great majority, after which the Preſident of the Upper Committee preſented him with a fine gold medal of his late Royal Highneſs William Duke of Cumberland.

DECEMBER 15. Yeſterday the following bills were paſſed by commiſſion.

A bill for the importation of wheat, wheat flour, meal, bread and biſcuit, and for prohibiting the extraction of ſpirits or low wines from wheat, wheat flour, and meal, for a limited time.

A bill for the importation of ſalted proviſions from Ireland, and for ſalt beef, pork, and butter, from any of his Majeſty's plantations in America, for a limited time. And,

A bill for the diſcontinuance of the duties on hogs lard and greaſe, and for the free importation of hams, bacon, and all ſorts of ſalt proviſions, from any part of Europe, for a limited time.

The commiſſioners who ſignified the royal aſſent to the bills yeſterday, were the Lord Chancellor, the Archbiſhop of Canterbury, and Lord Gower.

Yeſterday Lord Viſcount Townſhend, late Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, kiſſed the King's hand on being appointed Maſter General of the ordnance.

Extract of a letter from the Hague, December 8.

"The laſt letters from Hamburgh brought declarations made by the King of Sweden and the King of Denmark, by which thoſe two Monarchs give the ſtrongeſt aſſurances to each other of the moſt ſincere friendſhip and harmony, in conſequence of which all preparations on both ſides are to ceaſe; and the King of Sweden has ordered his troops that were marching towards the frontiers of Norway to return immediately to the garriſons from whence they came; ſo that there is no longer any thing to be apprehended in the north. Theſe letters add, that the King of Sweden, in order to put in execution the plans which he has formed for the good of his kingdom, is obliged to draw out of the bank eſtabliſhed at Stockholm, the amount of 30 tons of gold. They likewiſe ſay that the city of Dantzick is under freſh alarms on account of the King of Pruſſia's having granted to the inhabitants of the three ſuburbs the privileges of citizens, by which thoſe of the city itſelf will be great ſufferers; and alſo on account of his Pruſſian Majeſty's being determined to repair and render ſerviceable the harbour of Camming, which being at the mouth of the Oder, will prove a conſiderable check to the trade of the Dantzickers."

Laſt Wedneſday the two legal repreſentatives of the county of Middleſex, Mr. Alderman Wilkes, and the Recorder of London, dined with a great number of the freeholders of the county at the King's Arms, Burr-ſtreet, Eaſt Smithfield. The Aldermen Crosby, Bull, Pioner, and Lewes, with many other worthy friends to freedom, honoured the meeting with their company. Mr. Alderman Pioner was drank to as one of the Sheriffs of the county for the year enſuing; he politely thanked the gentlemen for the high honour they intended him, and hoped if he ſhould be elected to that important office, he ſhould approve himſelf worthy their choice. Many loyal and conſtitutional toaſts were drank; the whole afternoon was conducted with the greateſt chearfulneſs and good humour; the evening was concluded with bon-fires, ringing of bells, and every other demonſtration of joy. At the above meeting the Recorder was informed, in the preſence of the company, that a report had ſpread, "he intended to decline ſtanding for the county," which he aſſured the freeholders was a falſehood; and as long as he had the honour of their ſuffrages, he ſhould, to the utmoſt of his power, exert himſelf in ſupport of conſtitutional liberty.

A carpenter in Deptford Yard has invented a machine for meaſuring a ſhip's way at ſea in any weather. Lord Sandwich has ordered one of them to be tried, and will give the man a reward for his ingenuity, if it anſwers.

The Lord Mayor ſtill continues much indiſpoſed, and Mr. Alderman Nash ſits for him at the Old Bailey.

It is ſaid, Mr. de Lolme, author of the celebrated account of the Engliſh conſtitution, publiſhed in French, and ſo much recommended by Junius and the learned of the other party, is the author of the pamphlet, entitled, a Parallel between the Engliſh Conſtitution, and the former government of Sweden, &c. in which the late other political problem is reſolved, Why, among all the other nations in the world, (whatever was the form, or even, in ſome caſes, the apparent ſimilarity with our conſtitution, of their reſpective governments) the only effects of public revolutions always were the extenſion of individuals, and eſtabliſhing the power of a few; among the Engliſh, on the contrary, the final conſequence of revolutions always has been the ſecuring of public liberty, and univerſal and indiſcriminate proviſions for the ſafety of the ſubject.

This day Mr. Sheriff Oliver had a paper delivered to him, Mr. Sheriff Lewes having received the ſame paper before, as follows:

"*King's Arms, Burr-ſtreet, Middleſex,*
"*the 9th of December, 1772.*

"At a meeting of many of the freeholders of the ſaid county,
"BRASS CROSBY, Eſq; in the Chair,

"It was unanimouſly reſolved, that the Sheriff of the ſaid "county be deſired to call a general meeting of the freeholders, "to conſider the mode of redreſs of the *violated right of election* "in this county.

"Reſolved, that the Chairman do make this requeſt to the "ſaid Sheriff.

"Signed by order of the ſaid meeting.
"BRASS CROSBY, Chairman."

It hath pleaſed his Majeſty to ſay to his Parliament, in his ſpeech from the throne, "I cannot but feel the moſt real concern, that the produce of the late harveſt has not given us the relief which we had hoped for in reſpect to the dearneſs of corn. As far as human wiſdom can provide for alleviating the diſtreſſes of the poor, I am perſuaded your attention will not be wanting." It would be happy for the poor of this nation, if they had reaſon to be of the ſame opinion with his Majeſty; but, unhappily for them, they have the ſtrongeſt grounds for being of very contrary ſentiments; for the diſtreſſes of his Majeſty's poor ſubjects do doubtleſs principally ariſe *from thoſe very perſons, and from their attention to their own private intereſts*, who, his Majeſty is perſuaded, will, as far as human wiſdom can go, provide for alleviating them; as it is an undeniable truth, that their raiſing the rents of their eſtates, their letting their lands into very large farms, their impoſing ſuch imprudent taxes as oppreſs the labouring and induſtrious poor, and their incloſing the common fields of the kingdom, are the chief cauſes of the dearneſs of all the neceſſaries of life. What can the poor patient expect from the preſcriptions of that doctor who is himſelf the cauſe of his diſeaſe? Indeed, had our ſtate phyſicians that degree of human wiſdom, which his Majeſty ſo graciouſly ſuppoſes they have, there might be yet ſome hopes of a cure; for they would then doubtleſs paſs a *ſelf-reforming act*, foreſeeing that the conſequences of their avaricious proceedings, in raiſing the rents of their eſtates, and letting their lands in large farms, would unavoidably bring ſuch diſtreſs upon the community, as would at laſt naturally beget ſuch a general commotion in the kingdom, as would involve themſelves, as well as their fellow ſubjects, in one common ruin. But to attempt a cure of this moſt grievous diſtemper, by allowing the importation, and prohibiting the exportation of proviſions, will, whilſt the real cauſes of it remain, be a fruitleſs labour, and only endeavouring to waſh the Æthiop white.

The Houſe of Commons met yeſterday about a quarter after three, when a ſpirited petition from the Eaſt India Company, drawn up with great judgment by Mr. Sayer, was preſented to the Houſe.

No debate enſued. Governor Johnſtone hoped, through the favour of heaven, it would fall to the ground on the ſecond reading. Mr. Hart attempted to ſpeak, but was neither intelligible to himſelf nor audience. At half paſt three the houſe was up, and the petition was ordered to lie on the table------*for the peruſal of thoſe who could read.*

At the General Court at the India Houſe on Friday laſt, as ſoon as the petition was read, a debate enſued on the propriety and impropriety of it. Thoſe in favour of the petition urged, "that the bringing this bill into parliament was not only the boldeſt ſtep taken againſt the very being of the Eaſt India Company, but one of the moſt *unconſtitutional* that could be on general grounds. That omnipotent as Parliament is, it neither has, nor ever ought to diveſt a legal right once inveſted; that the Eaſt India Company, as a corporation, has a ſole and excluſive right of appointing their *own officers*; and in this inſtance they have done no more than exerciſe their right, in a *fair, legal* manner, and that theſe gentlemen, ſo elected, could never be ſuſpended, but at the expence both of *public* and *private* juſtice."

Thoſe in oppoſition to the petition (not taking the danger of the *precedent* into their conſideration) ſaid, "that as they militated againſt the commiſſion of ſuperviſorſhip in the beginning, and looked upon it to be both *unneceſſary* and *illegal*, they were glad to find Parliament had interfered in checking its progreſs; that though it was carried by ballot, it ought never to be looked upon as the general aſſent of the Proprietary, all the *houſhold troops* being muſtered upon that occaſion; that therefore, for theſe reaſons, they ſhould diſſent from a petition which meant to prevail with Parliament to ſet aſide ſo ſalutary a meaſure."

It was moved by two Proprietors, that, to conciliate the good opinion of Parliament, "a reſolution ſhould be agreed on, at the ſame time, by the General Court, to ſuſpend the Superviſors from going out to India till the 1ſt of February next." But this motion was ſuddenly over-ruled by the arguments of Governor Johnſtone and Mr. Creighton, who inſiſted, though that Court had a right, in general, to pay all proper compliment to Parliament, in the preſent petition they claimed nothing but their *indubitable rights*, and therefore had no reaſon to make any unneceſſary conceſſions.

We hear that the Lord Chamberlain of his Majeſty's houſhold, has appointed Whitſhed Keene, Eſq; brother-in-law to the Earl of Dartmouth, to ſucceed Sir Robert Wilmott, as his firſt Secretary.

Yeſterday the Archbiſhop of Canterbury, the Great Officers of State, and other electing truſtees of the Britiſh Muſeum, met in the Prince's chamber, and choſe the Rev. Dr. Kaye, Fellow of the Royal Society, and Sub-almoner to the King, a truſtee, in the place of the late James Weſt, Eſq; Preſident of the Royal Society.

DECEMBER 16. Much has been ſaid about his Majeſty's generous encouragement of literature; his taſte has been extolled, and the ſervile courtiers have cried him up as a very Mæcenas. That his books may be well bound, properly arranged, and in excellent condition, is readily granted; but we muſt have ſomething like proofs before we can, with propriety, rank him amongſt the number of thoſe Princes who have foſtered genius, and raiſed the drooping head of ſcience. It is not to countenance a pantaloon fidler; it is not to penſion renegade Italians for thrumming upon harpſichords; it is not to keep a table for he-warblers, cut out for ſinging; it is not theſe things that conſtitute a patron of arts and ſciences; it is ſomething more worthy, more becoming a King. Louis the XIVth, tho' himſelf no ſcholar, was a lover of learned men; his Miniſters were choſen on account of their abilities, and his court was filled with ſuch men as could tranſmit his actions unſullied to poſterity. Louis had a greatneſs of ſoul, a ſublime reliſh for true glory, none of your knick-knackery of genius, his encouragement was a teſtimony of merit, and to gain his patronage was a ſure token of poſſeſſing exalted abilities; whereas now---but the compariſon will diſguſt, and depreciate this frivolous age below contempt. Now a Bacon, a Locke, a Bolingbroke, or a Swift, would repine in obſcurity, whilſt a maker of a pap-ſpoon, a pair of nut-crackers, or the contriver of a watch to go without winding up, would be ſtared at as a phænomenon, loaded with preſents, and handled by the Maids of Honour as a being dropped from the ſatellites of Jupiter.

By an expreſs over land from the Eaſt Indies, there is an account that the Prudent man of war, of 64 guns, Sir John Clarke, Commander, arrived at Madras on the 28th of Auguſt laſt.

On Thurſday laſt died, at her ſeat at Dunham Maſſey, in Cheſhire, in the 69th year of her age, the Right Honourable Mary Counteſs Dowager of Stamford. She was the only child of the Right Honourable George Booth, late Earl of Warrington. In the year 1736 ſhe was married to the Right Honourable Harry Gray, late Earl of Stamford, by whom ſhe has left iſſue the preſent Earl of Stamford, the Honourable Booth Gray, Lady Mary Weſt, and the Honourable John Gray.

DECEMBER 18. By letters from Turin we learn, that his Sardinian Majeſty is now confined to his chamber, at the palace of Veneria, and is thought to be paſt recovery.

By the laſt letters from Berlin, we are well aſſured his Majeſty of Pruſſia has declared his intention of paying off the loan borrowed of the Dutch in the year 1736, by the then Emperor, on the copper and quickſilver mines in Sileſia, with the 31 years intereſt due thereon; beginning firſt with paying the intereſt to this time, and afterwards the principal by inſtallments.

The laſt advices from the continent inform us, that the deſtruction of Poland is now unalterably determined, as the King of Pruſſia makes no ſecret of declaring himſelf firmly reſolved to ſupport the Emperor's pretenſions to one part of the Republic, from which we may reaſonably conclude, that the Northern Machiavel is ſure that the Emperor will ſupport his pretenſions to another; and if the Czarina is guarantied in her third, there is no human power which can deliver the miſerable Poles from the hands of their enemies.

Extract of a letter from Liſbon, dated November 17.

"We have juſt received the diſagreeable news here that a general diſaffection now reigns through all the Brazils amongſt the Negroes, Indian ſlaves, &c. In the Captainſhips of Para and Maraguan, they have frequently riſen, and when their defeat has enſued they fly to the Indians in the internal parts of the country, where, it is ſaid, they have a very formidable body; and as moſt of them underſtand the European manner of fighting, and are furniſhed with arms, &c. the report of their intention to extirpate the Portugueſe entirely gains ground every day, and fills all perſons with apprehenſions for their lives and properties. Every method is taken to ſuppreſs theſe fears. The garriſon of Corpura is added to that of Pera or Belem, and the guards on the frontiers towards the Amazon's country are doubled."

DECEMBER 19. They write from Liſbon, that the duty on furs and ſkins imported from America and the Weſt-Indies, is taken off, as alſo the duties on cotton, rice, and cocoa, from the above places.

The following advertiſement made its appearance a few days ſince in one of the Iriſh papers, on a vacancy in parliament for the city of Dublin:

"The friends of liberty and the conſtitution are requeſted to keep themſelves diſengaged, as it is intended to offer John Wilkes, Eſq; a candidate to repreſent the city of Dublin in parliament, in oppoſition to the Luttrell family."

Yeſterday there was a Privy Council at St. James's, when Lord Clive was ſworn in Lord Lieutenant and Cuſtos Rotulorum of the county of Montgomery, in the room of the late Lord Powis.

The bill to prevent the fatal practice of gambling in the funds, is expected to be brought into the Houſe, by Lord North, ſoon after the Chriſtmas holidays.

Private letters from Liſbon ſay, that Sir Peter Dennis, Rear Admiral of the Red, having ſettled ſome matters with the Portugueſe Miniſtry with regard to trade, was ſailed from thence in his Majeſty's ſhip the Trident.

Yeſterday, at three o'clock, came on in the Houſe of Commons, the third reading of the Eaſt India bill, when Mr. Impey and Mr. Adair, as Counſel for the Company, were called to the bar. Theſe gentlemen opened the matter in a very maſterly manner; after which ſeveral witneſſes were examined, which laſted till near eight o'clock. The debate then began upon the bill.

This day the Houſe of Lords ſat on purpoſe to receive the Eaſt India bill.

Should the bill of Superviſorſhip paſs, the fleet now preparing to ſail for the Indies will be the beſt freighted, &c. &c. of any that has ever left the kingdom.

We have the pleaſure to aſſure the public, that in leſs than two months a reconciliation will take place with the three Royal Brothers; but their Ducheſſes will not be included in the amity.

A correſpondent informs us, that a great number of families are preparing to embark for America, on account of the preſent dreadful ſtate of this kingdom.

WHITEHALL, *November 28.* The King has been pleaſed to appoint Lieutenant General James Adolphus Oughton, to be Lieutenant-Governor of Antigua, in America, in the room of Francis Lord Hawley, deceaſed.

ST. JAMES'S, *December 5.* The King has been pleaſed to grant the dignity of a Baronet of Great-Britain unto James Wright, Eſq; Governor of his Majeſty's province of Georgia in America.

PORTSMOUTH, *December 10.* An order is come down here to diſcharge 800 marines from this diviſion, and numbers are diſcharged every day. We hear an order is arrived for all the guardſhips at Spithead to come into the harbour, and for the compliment of men to be reduced to the ſame eſtabliſhment as in the year 1770.

CORK, *November 16.* Laſt Friday ſailed from Cove, the tranſports with the 6th and 50th regiments of foot on board, for Jamaica.

DUBLIN-CASTLE, *November 30.* The Earl of Harcourt, who embarked at Holyhead on Saturday night laſt, arrived late in this port very early this morning, and immediately upon his landing proceeded to the Caſtle; and the Council having been ſummoned to meet at two o'clock, his Lordſhip was introduced in form to Lord Townſhend, who received him ſitting, under the Canopy of State, in the Preſence Chamber; from whence a proceſſion was made to the Council Chamber, where his Lordſhip's commiſſion was read, and the oaths adminiſtered to him; after which, his Lordſhip having received the ſword from Lord Townſhend, the great guns in his Majeſty's Park the Phœnix were fired, and anſwered by the regiments on duty, which were drawn up in the Royal ſquare, at the Barracks: His Excellency then repaired to the Preſence Chamber, where he received the compliments of the nobility and other perſons of diſtinction, upon his ſafe arrival to take upon him the government of this kingdom.

Choice *PHILADELPHIA* FLOUR,

Juſt imported in the Charles-Town Packet, *Capt.* Wright, *from* PHILADELPHIA,

To be SOLD at 6l. 5s. per Ct. for CASH, or *ſhort* CREDIT, in any Quantity, not leſs than Ten Barrels. Enquire of JOHN WEBB.

Alſo has for SALE,

Freſh Flour in Half Barrels and Kegs, Water Biſcuit in Kegs, and very good CHOCOLATE.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by CHARLES CROUCH, in Elliott-ſtreet; where all Manner of Printing Work is performed with Care and Expedition.